

# 2019. 7. 24 高階醫藥研發轉體與研究平台實作研習營

局部區域表面電漿共振LSPR (Localized Surface Plasmon Resonance)

Speaker : 林俐吟 & 游季禹

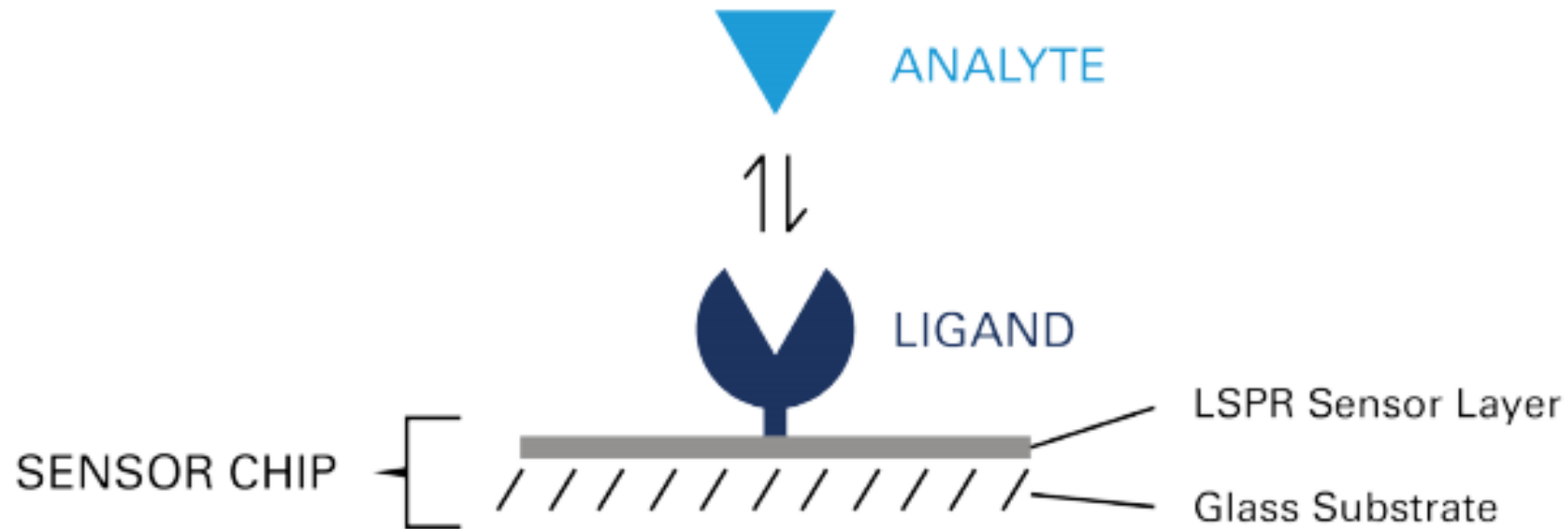
1. 什麼是表面電漿共振SPR (Surface Plasmon Resonance)?
2. SPR的重要性
3. 新一代的局部區域表面電漿共振LSPR (Localized Surface Plasmon Resonance)
4. 應用實例分享
5. LSPR操作流程
6. LSPR上機實作



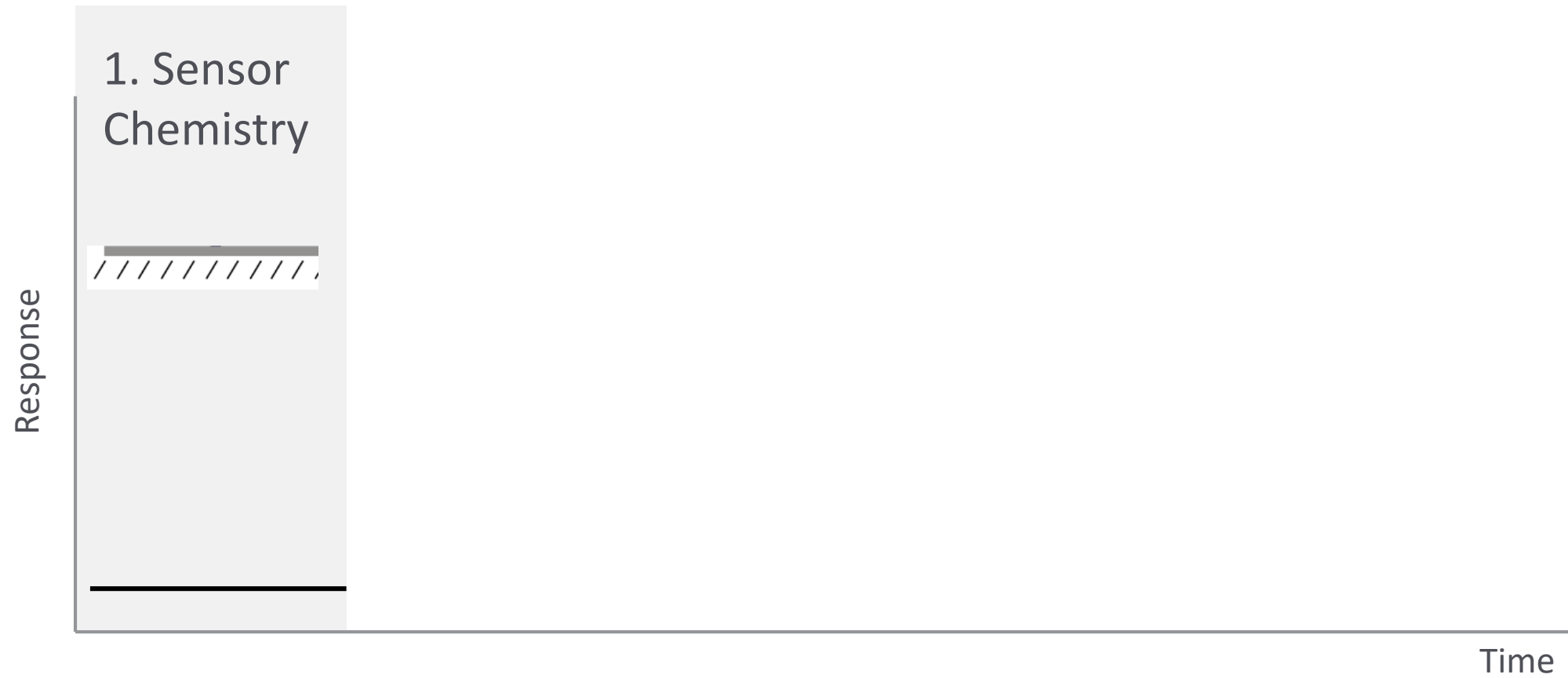
# 1. 什麼是表面電漿共振SPR (Surface Plasmon Resonance)?

## Surface Plasmon Resonance

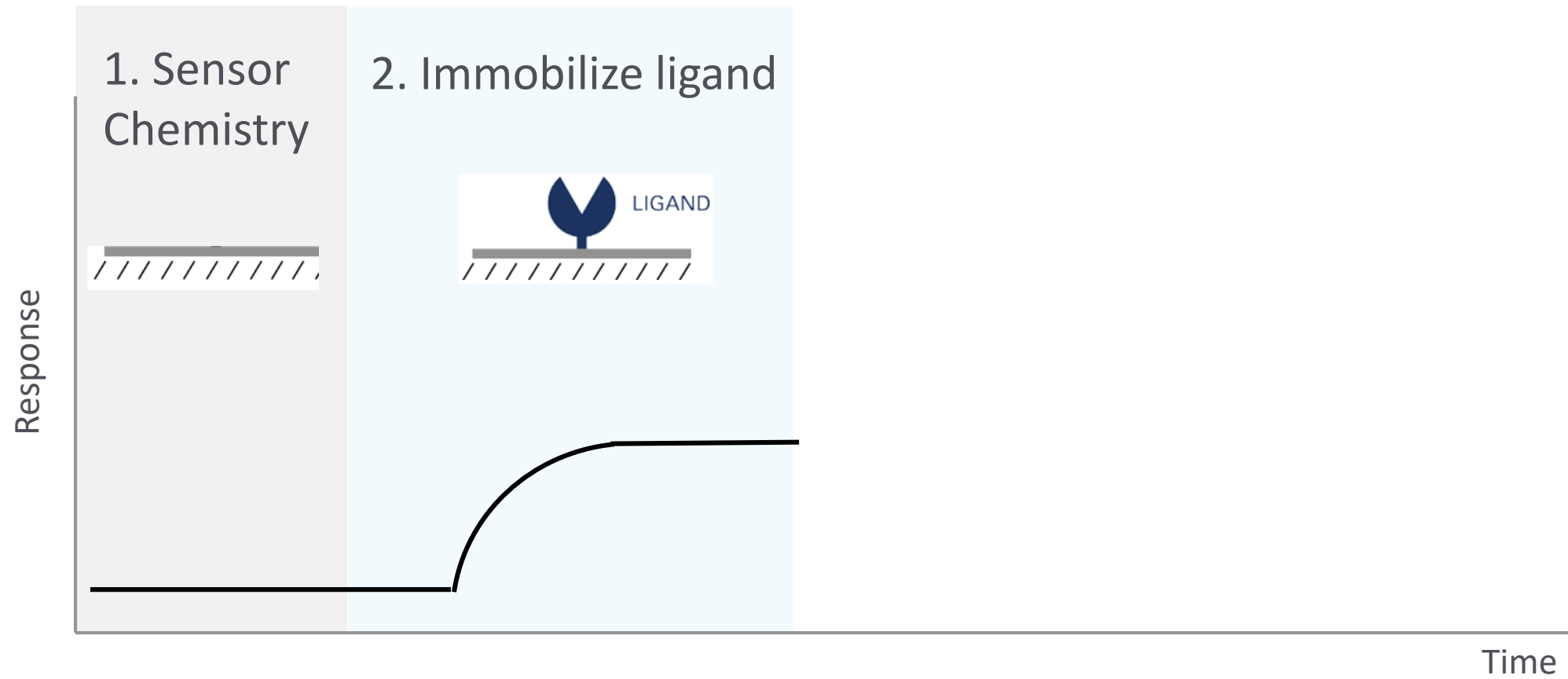
### Label-Free Interaction Analysis



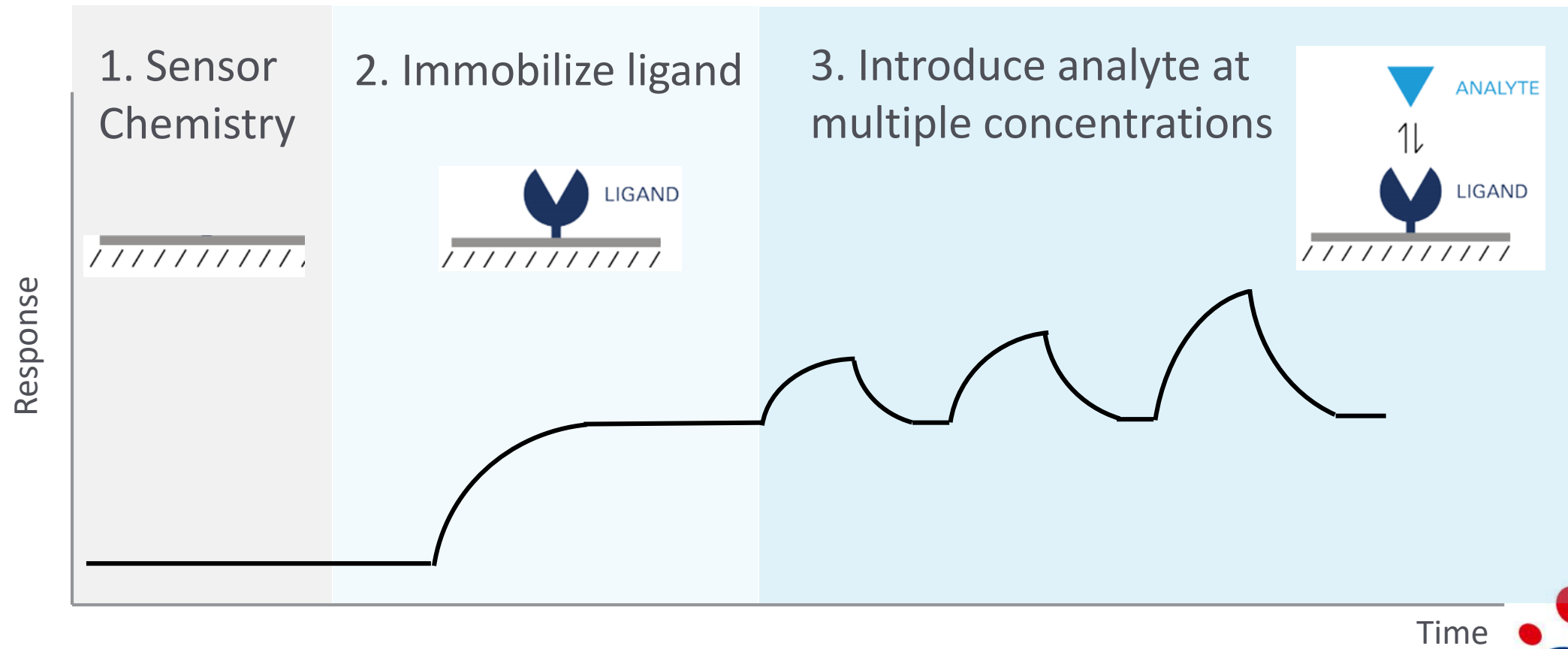
# General Overview of an SPR Experiment



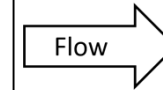
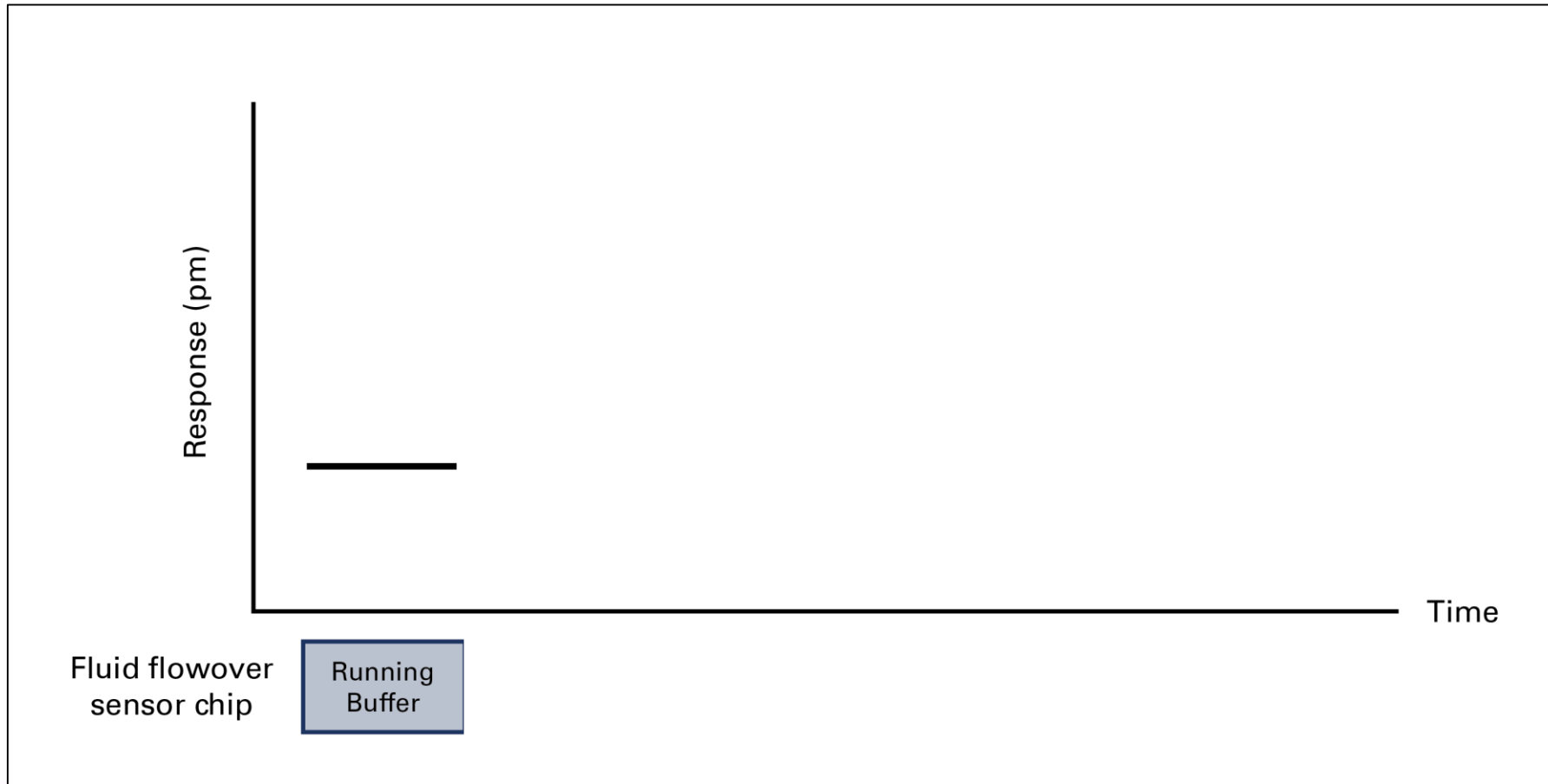
# General Overview of an SPR Experiment



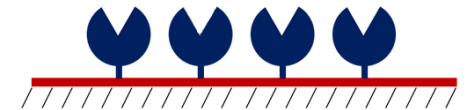
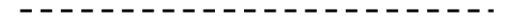
# General Overview of an SPR Experiment



# Binding Kinetics: Analyte Binding Curve



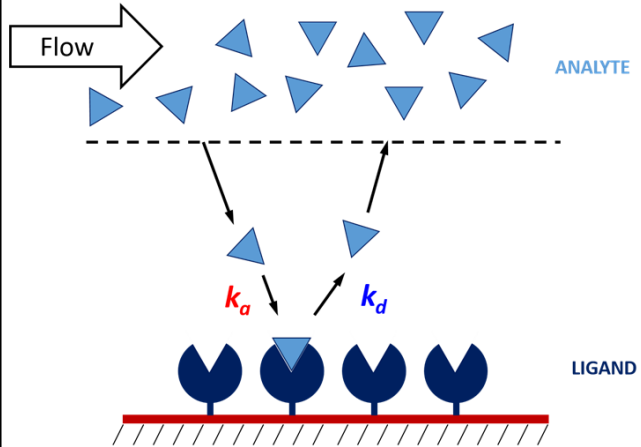
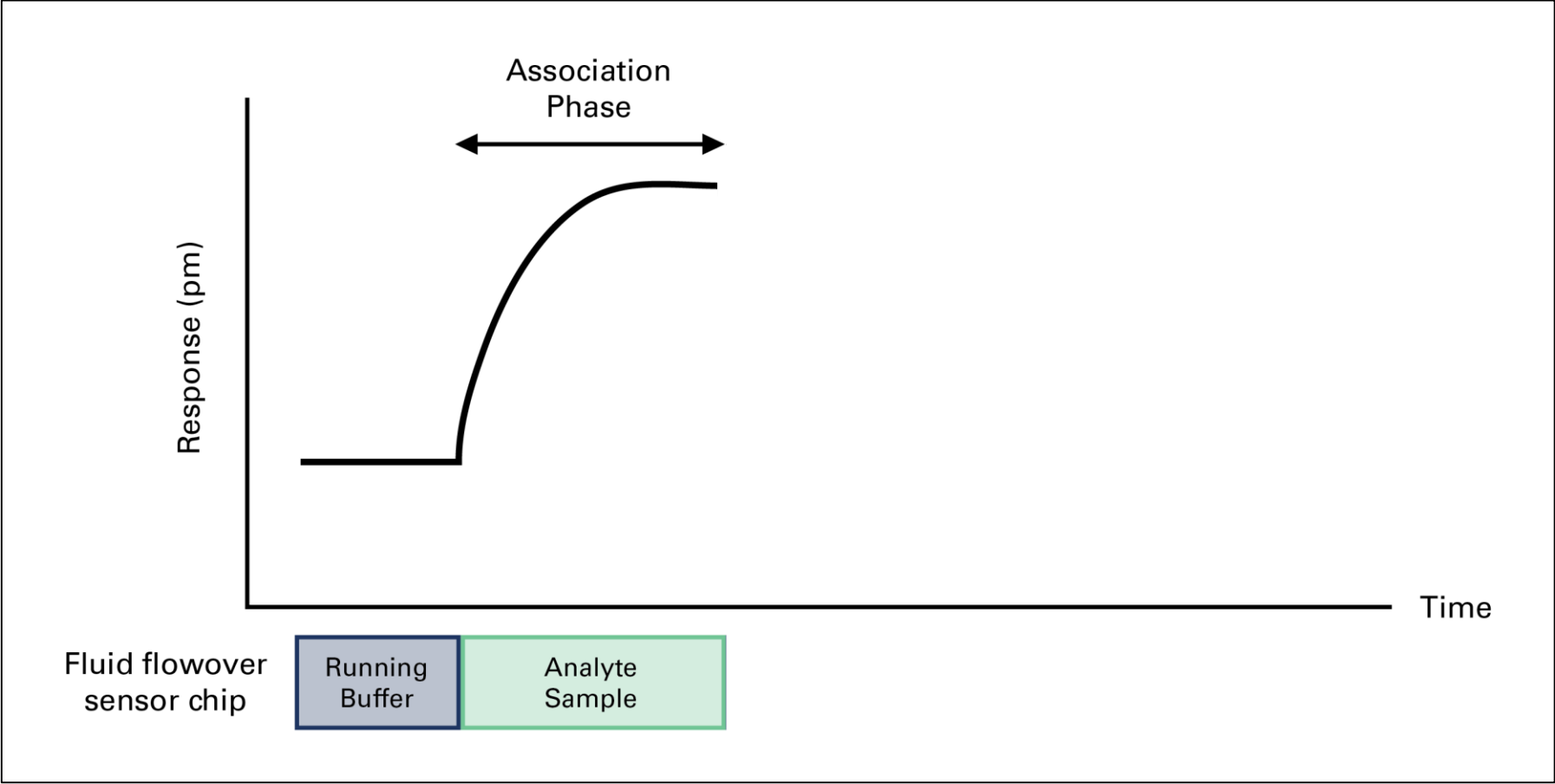
NO ANALYTE



LIGAND

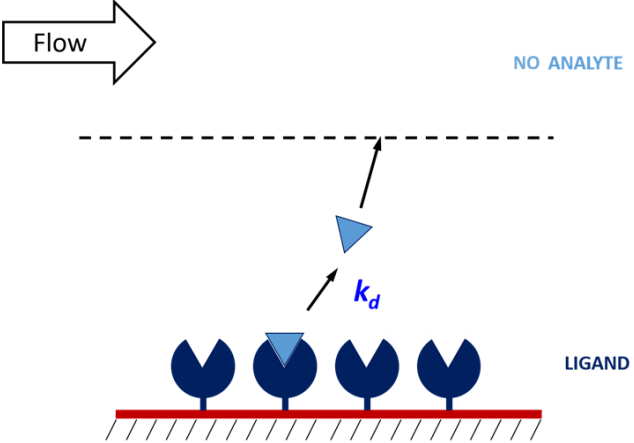
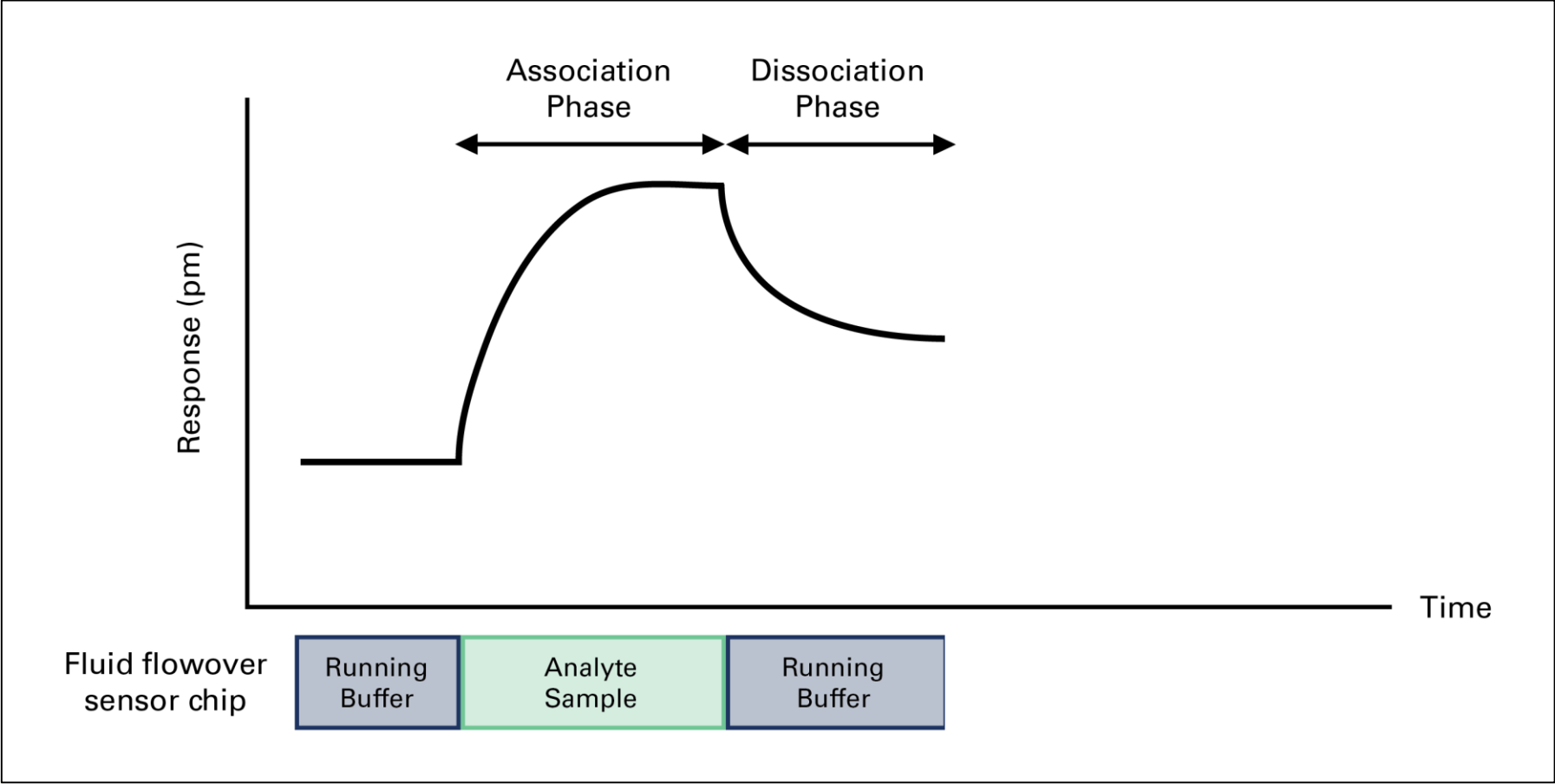


# Binding Kinetics: Analyte Binding Curve

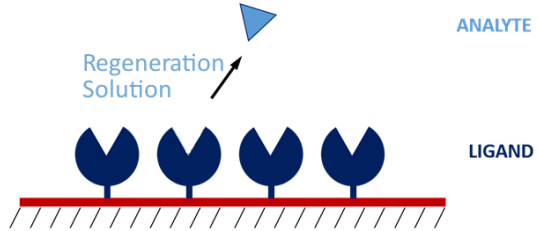
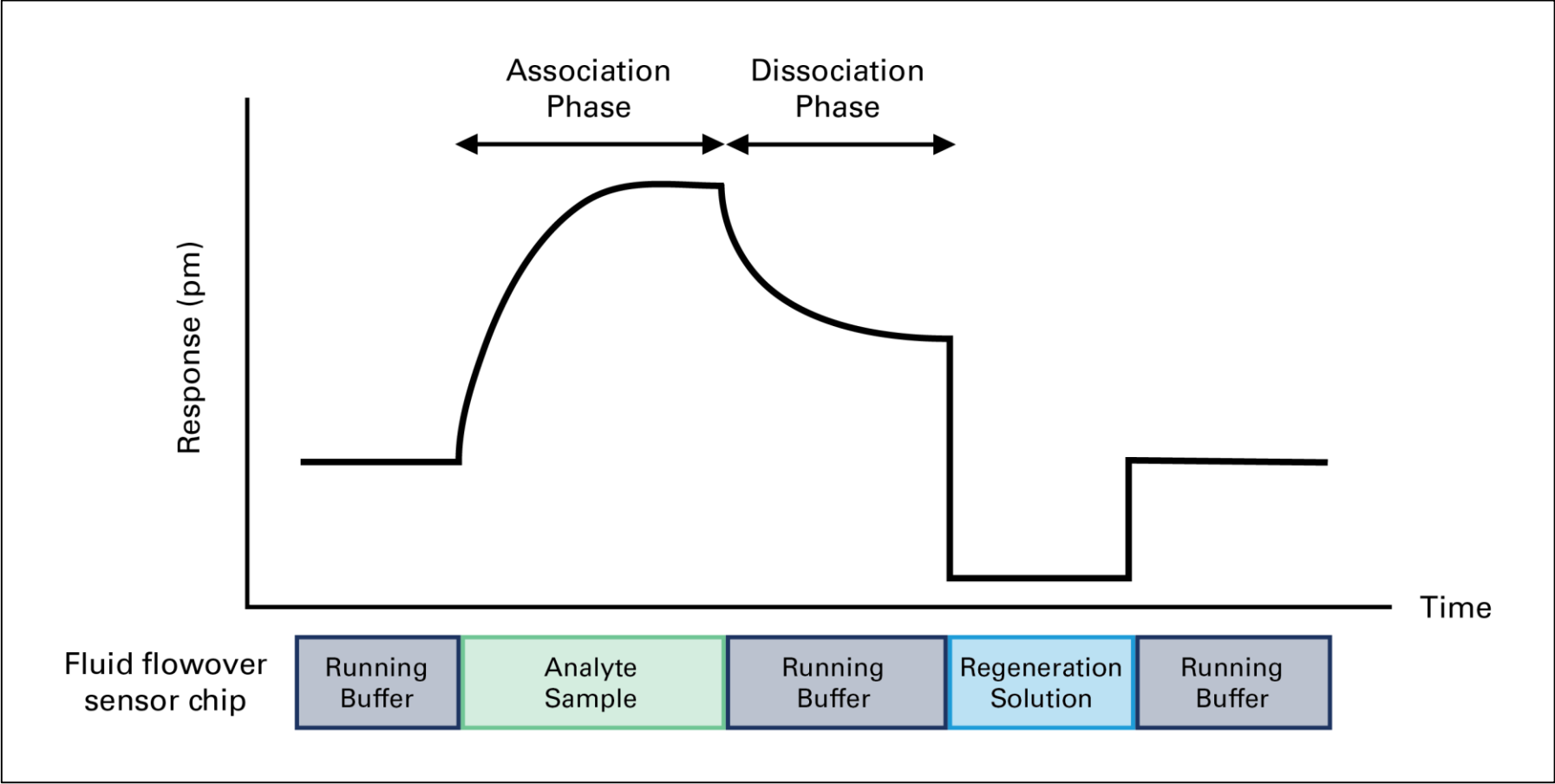




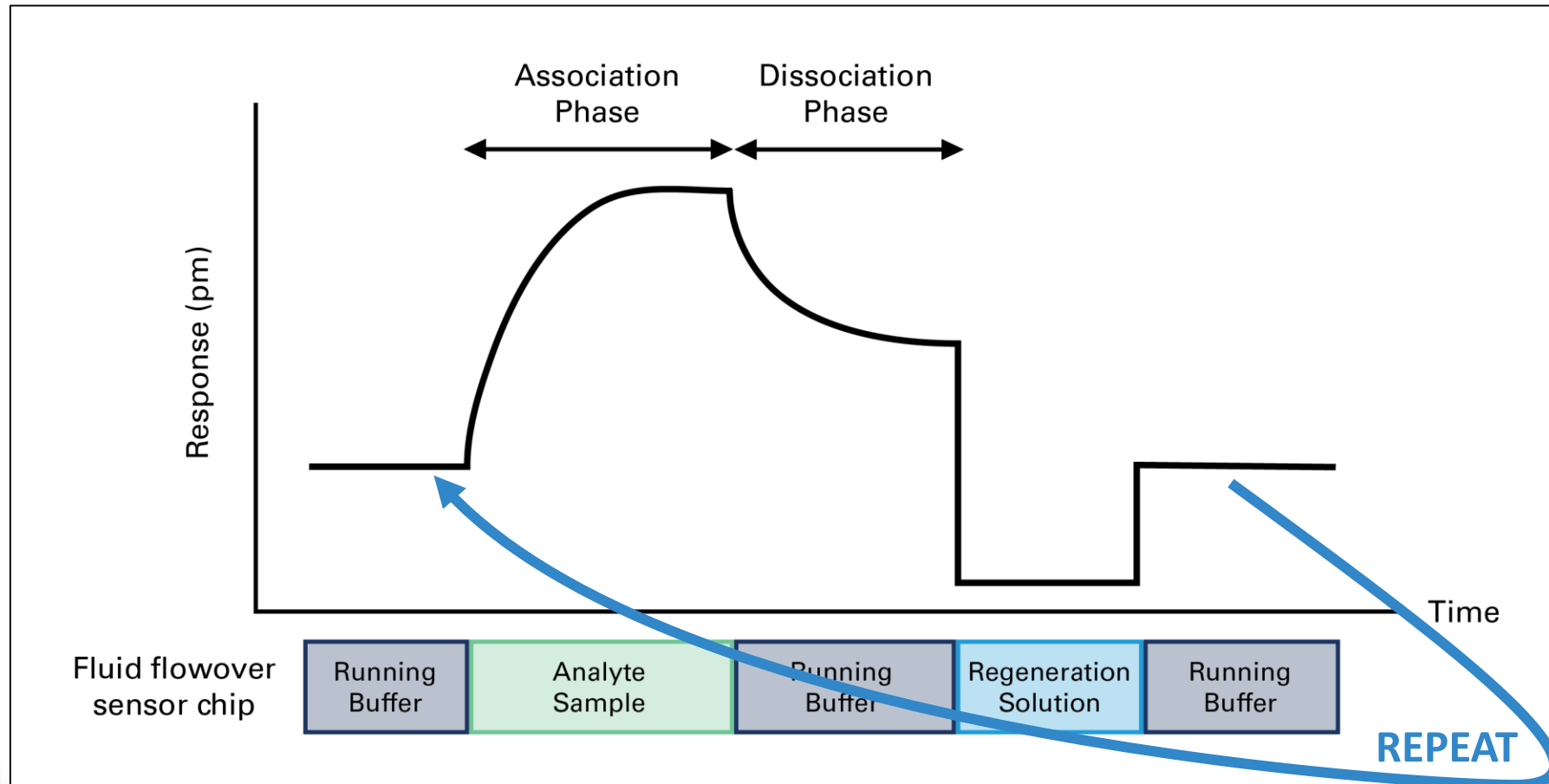
# Binding Kinetics: Analyte Binding Curve



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# Binding Kinetics: Analyte Binding Curve

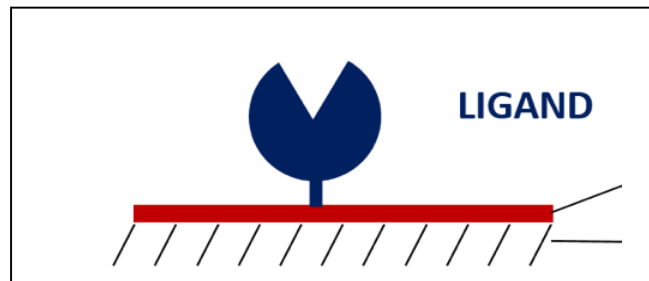
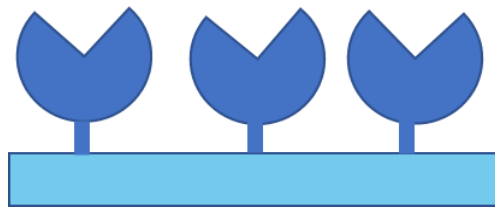


- Repeat 3 to 5 different concentrations of analyte

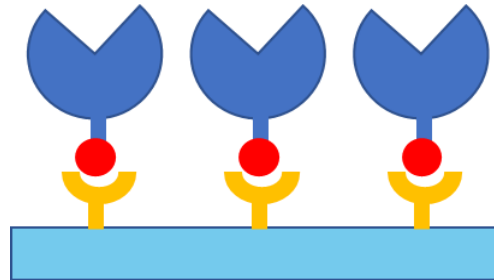


# Sensor Chips

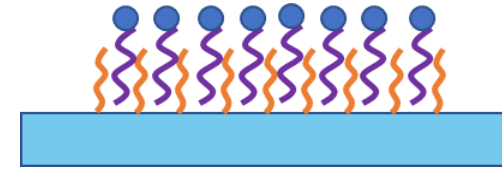
## Covalent Coupling



## Capture Coupling



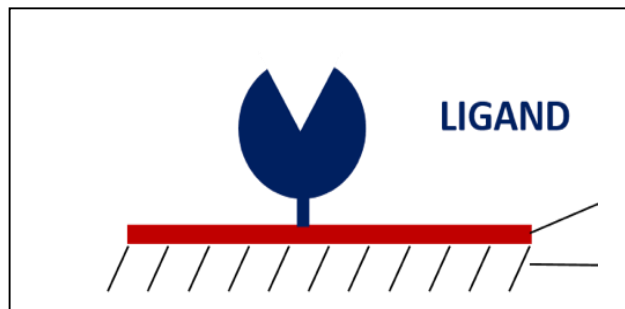
## Lipid Capture



# Sensor Chips

## Covalent Coupling

- Carboxyl
- Amine
- Thiol



## Capture Coupling

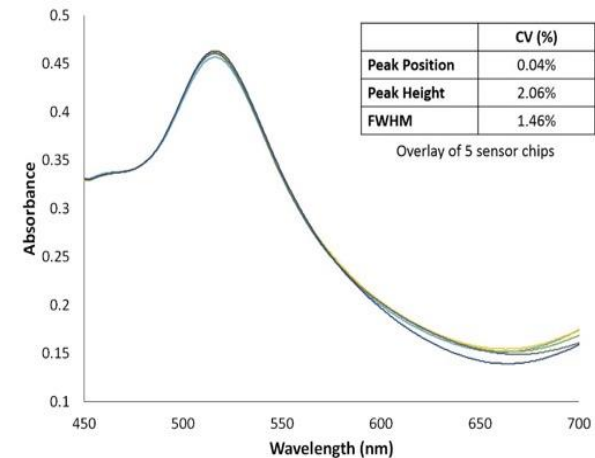
- Streptavidin/Biotin
- NTA
- GST
- Protein A



High sensor repeatability

## Lipid Capture

- Liposome (LIP)
- Hydrophobic (MEM)



## SENSOR CHIP COATED FOR IMMOBILIZATION OF:

---

Carboxyl	any amine group via EDC/NHS
NTA	his-tagged targets
Streptavidin	biotin tagged targets
Biotin	streptavidin coupled targets
GST	GST-tagged biomolecules/proteins
Protein A	IgG based antibodies
Amine	any carboxyl group via EDC/NHS
Liposome Binding (LIP)	liposomes/membrane proteins
Hydrophobic (MEM)	lipid monolayer
Thiol	maleimide-tagged ligands
Standard Gold	non-functionalized and perfect for custom surface chemistry development and ligands with thiol groups



# Applications

## Binding Kinetics/Equilibrium Constants:

- Protein-Protein
- Protein-Antibody
- Protein-Nucleic Acid
- Protein-Lipid
- Protein-Carbohydrates
- Protein-Small Molecule
- Protein-Peptide
- Protein-Aptamer
- DNA, RNA
- Virus particles
- Cells & bacteria
- Nanoparticles
- Polymers

Materials science

Detection

Quantification

Nanomaterial characterization



## 2. SPR的重要性

Yes/No Binding

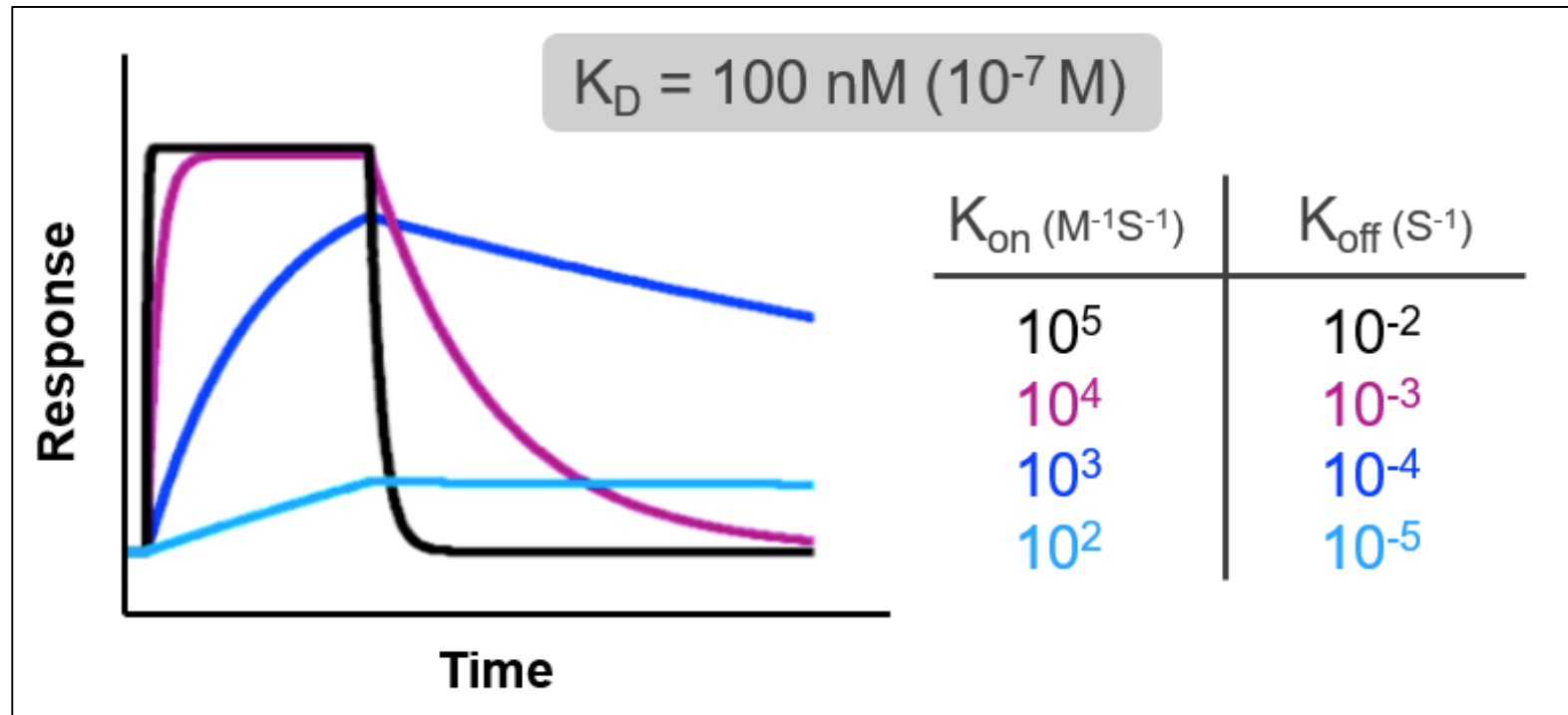
FP  
EMSA  
Pull down  
ELISA

A diagram illustrating the relative depth of information provided by different assays. A large, jagged mountain peak is shown against a blue sky with clouds. The peak is labeled with 'Pull down' at the top. Below the peak, the labels 'FP', 'EMSA', and 'ELISA' are positioned at different heights, indicating their relative depth of analysis. 'FP' is the highest, followed by 'EMSA', and 'ELISA' is the lowest. The 'Yes/No Binding' text is positioned to the left of the mountain.

**SPR uncovers what's underneath the surface**

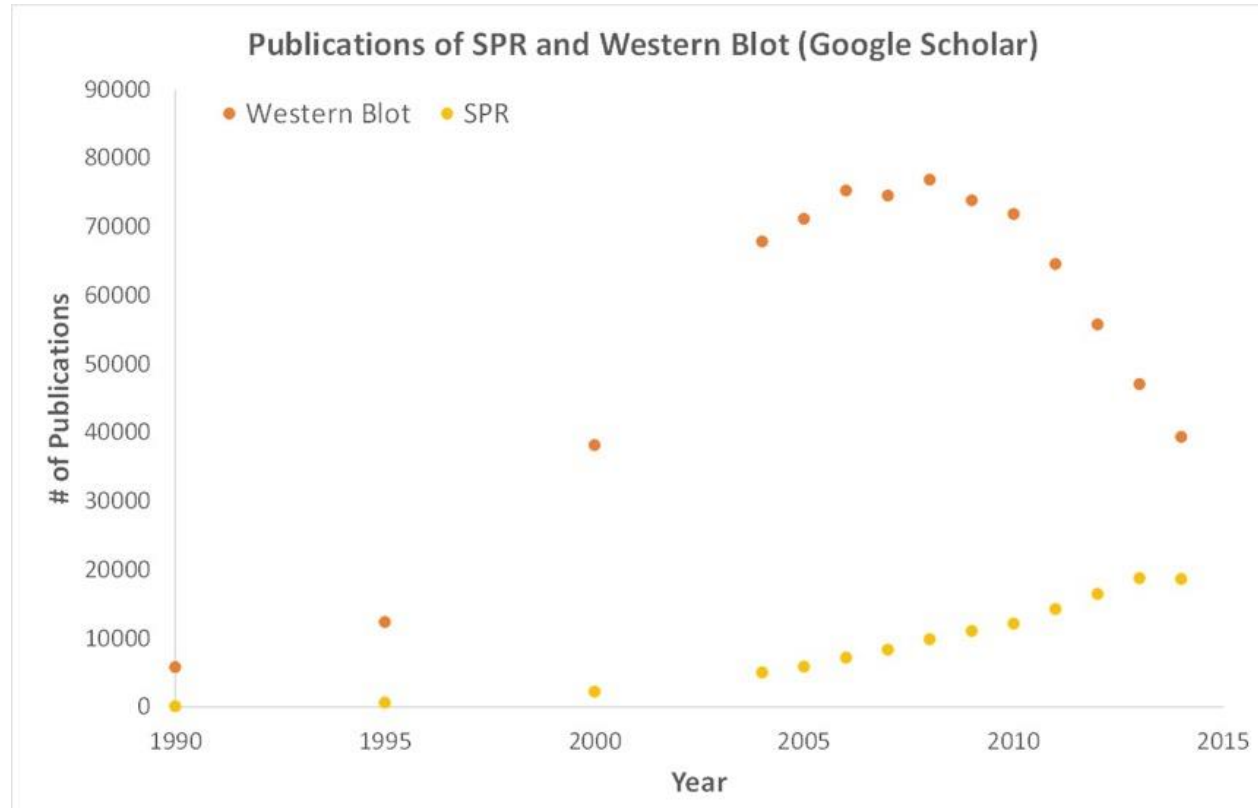


# Affinity Doesn't Tell the Whole Story



Different interactions can have the same affinity.





Scientific publications involving **Surface Plasmon Resonance (SPR)** have increased drastically over the years.

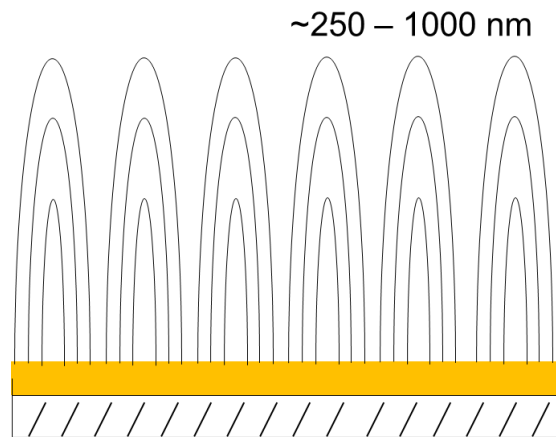


### 3. 新一代的局部區域表面電漿共振LSPR (Localized Surface Plasmon Resonance)

## Traditional SPR Measurement Technique

#### Sensor Surface:

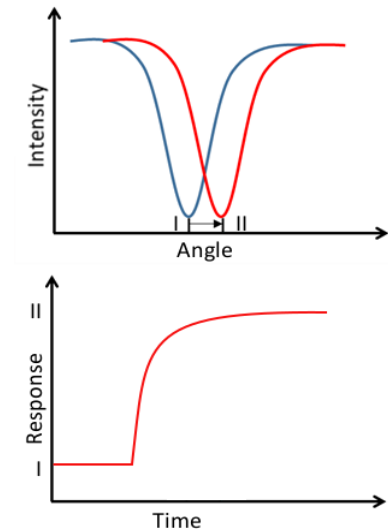
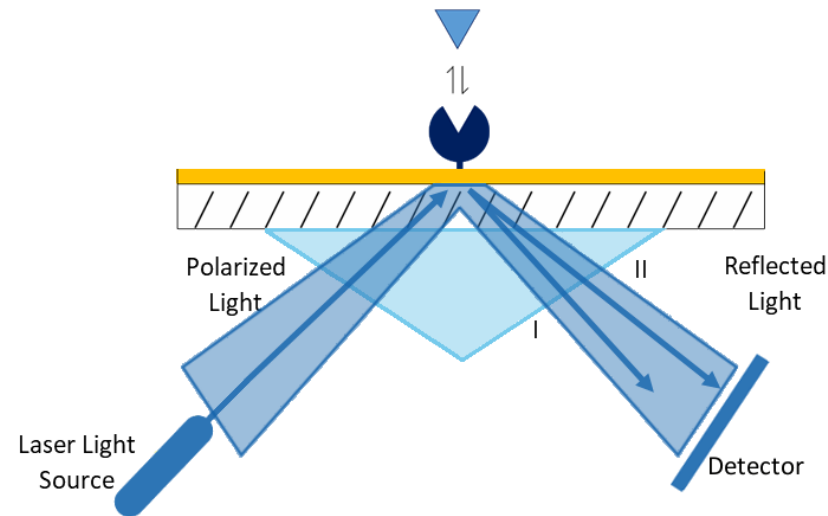
- Thin film of gold
- Surface plasmon resonance



Traditional SPR

#### Detection:

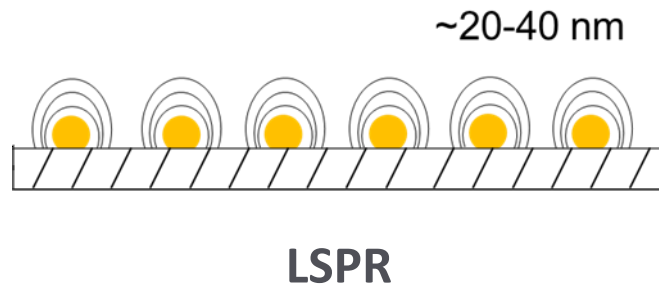
- Change in refractive index
- Reflectance angle



# LSPR Measurement Technique (OpenSPR)

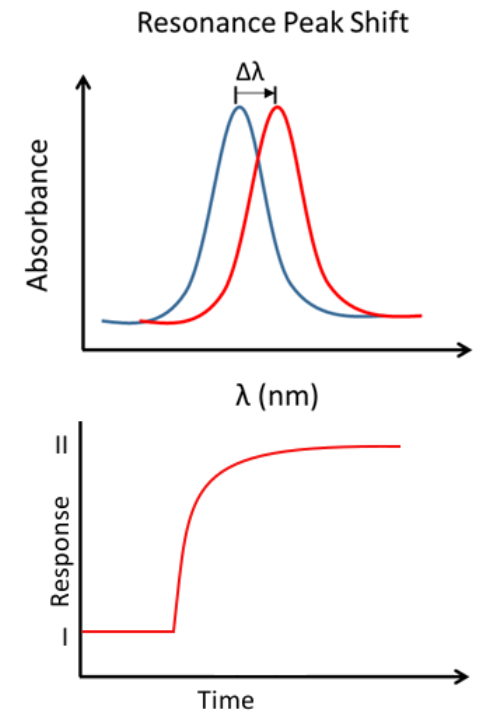
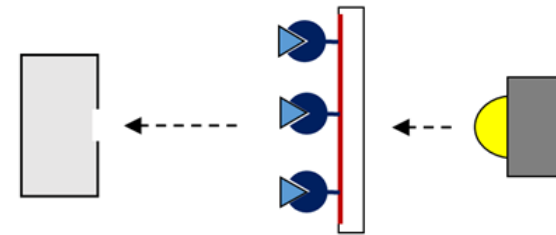
## Sensor Surface:

- Nano-structured gold
- **Localized** Surface plasmon resonance



## Detection:

- Change in refractive index
- Absorbance (change in peak position)



## LSPR



- Bench Top instrument
- User friendly
- Save time
- Low-Maintenance

## SPR



- High throughput







Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

## International Immunopharmacology

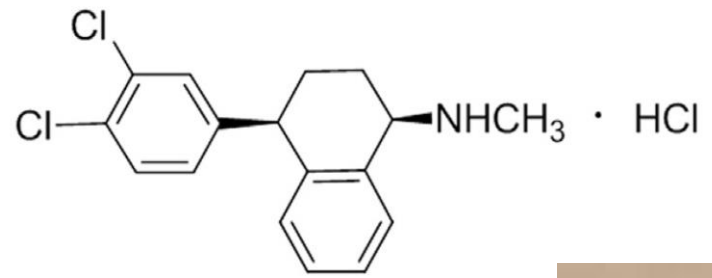
journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/intimp](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/intimp)



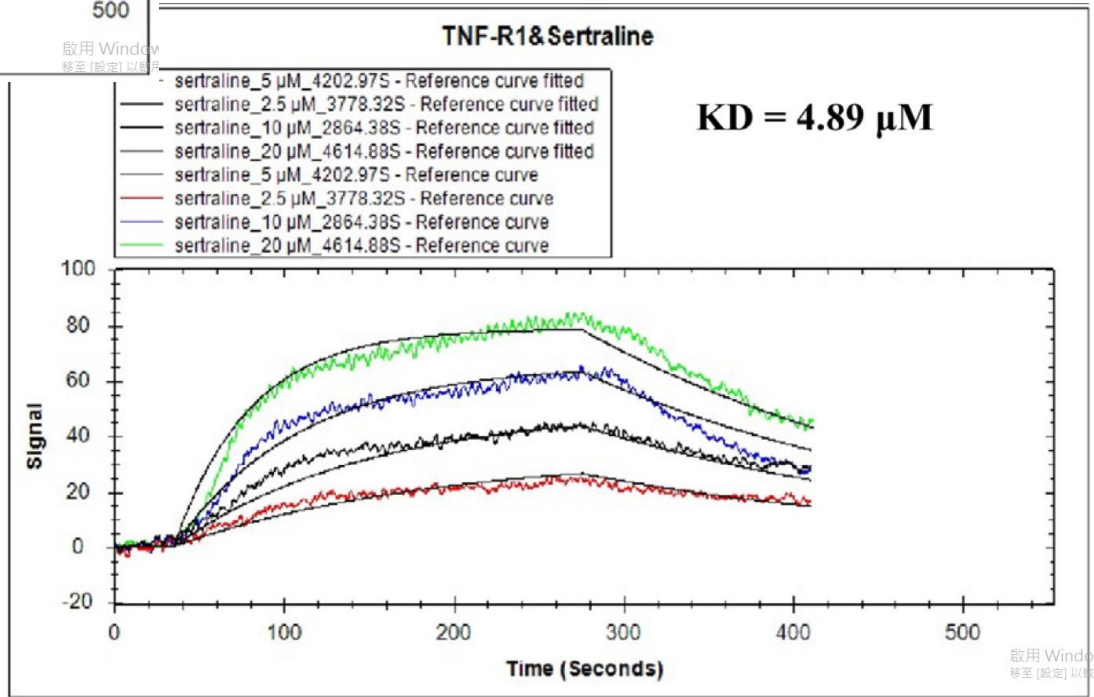
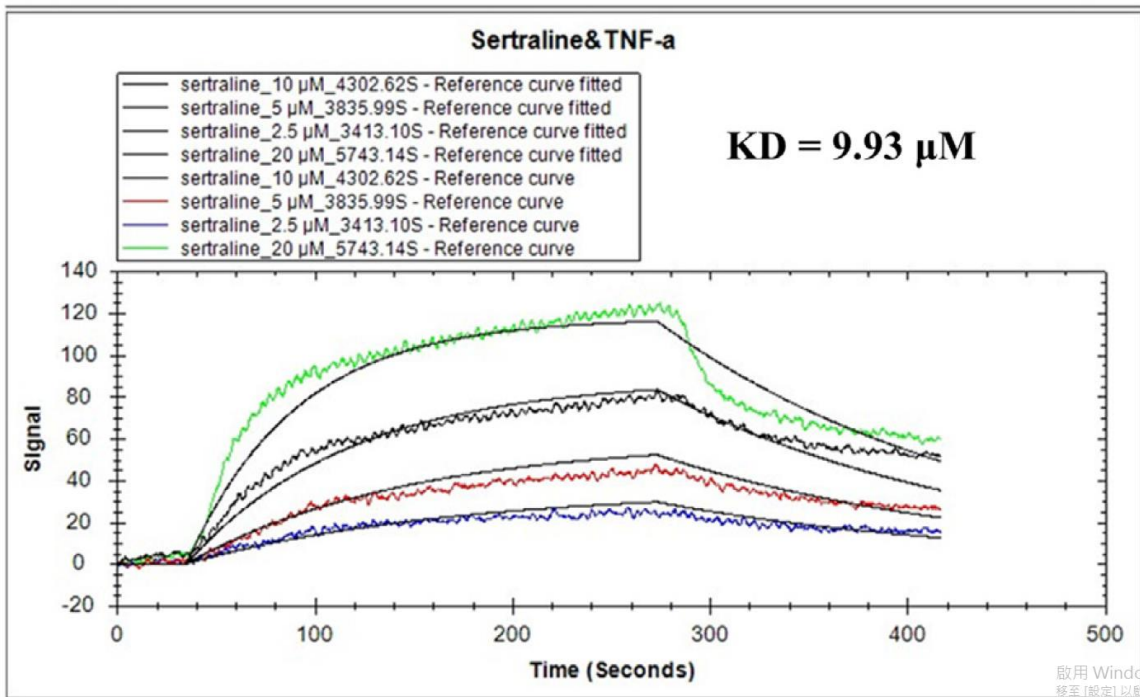
### Sertraline ameliorates inflammation in CUMS mice and inhibits TNF- $\alpha$ -induced inflammation in microglia cells

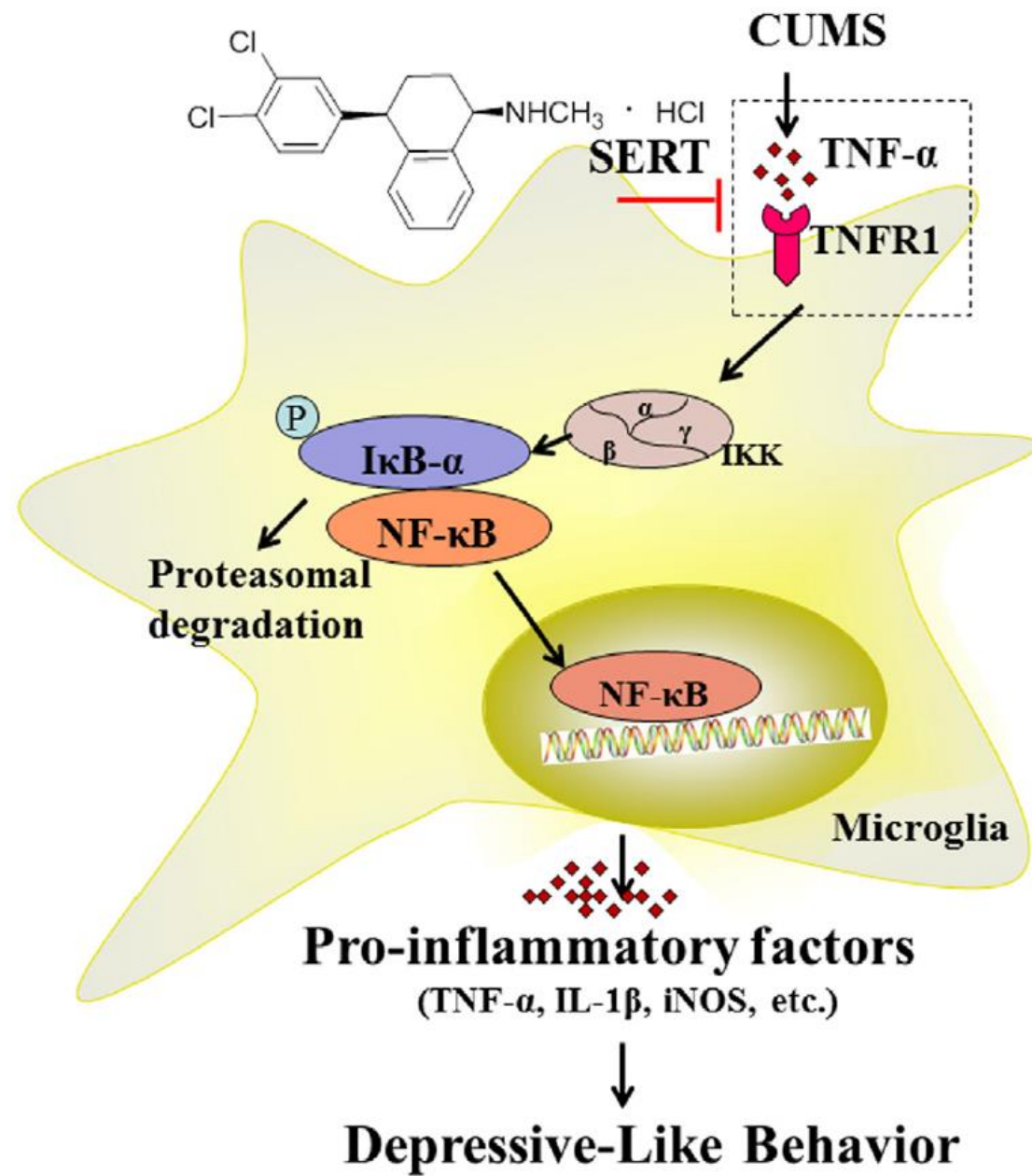
Ying Lu<sup>a,1</sup>, Xiang Xu<sup>a,1</sup>, Tong Jiang<sup>a</sup>, Lan Jin<sup>a</sup>, Xu-Dong Zhao<sup>a</sup>, Jia-Hui Cheng<sup>a</sup>, Xue-Jun Jin<sup>a</sup>, Juan Ma<sup>a</sup>, Hu-Nan Piao<sup>b,\*</sup>, Lian-Xun Piao<sup>a,\*</sup>











# LSPR操作流程

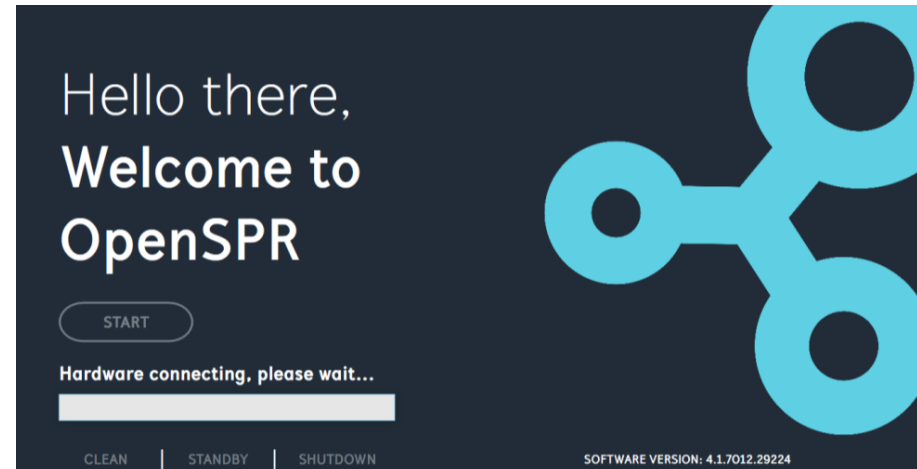
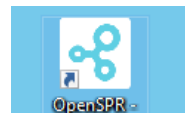
1. 放置實驗所需之buffer以及DI water



2. 開啟儀器電源



3. 開啟電腦桌面之軟體





NEXT

STEP 1: FLUIDIC PRIMING

PRIMING STATUS: **INCOMPLETE**

PRIME PROCESS START

BUFFERS

BOTTLE 1 BUFFER 1  
BOTTLE 2 BUFFER 2  
BOTTLE 3 DI WATER  
BOTTLE 4 WASTE

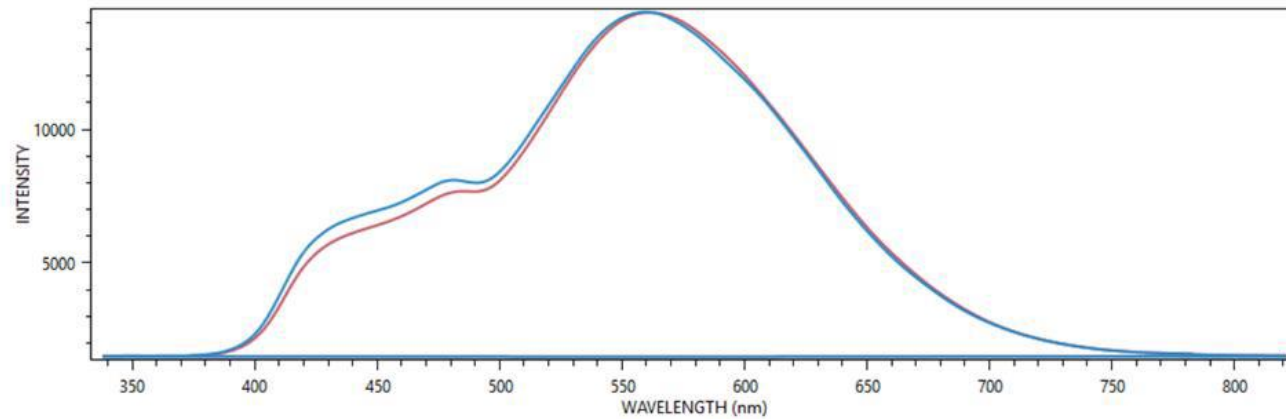


STEP 2: OPTICAL REFERENCES

PREVIOUS REFERENCES WERE ACQUIRED: 2018/10/13 3:42:47 PM

ACQUIRE NEW REFERENCES

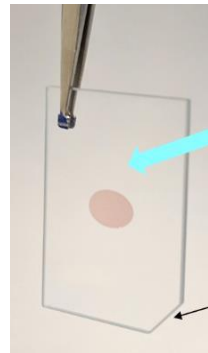
CH 1 CH 2



- 此步驟非必要，除非：
1. 距離上次波長超過一個月
  2. 換LED光源時
  3. 訊號不足時



# STEP 5

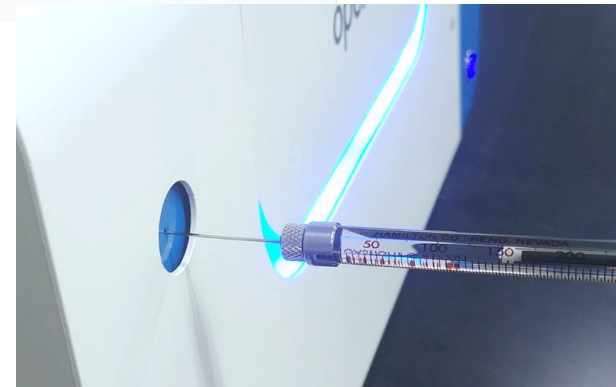
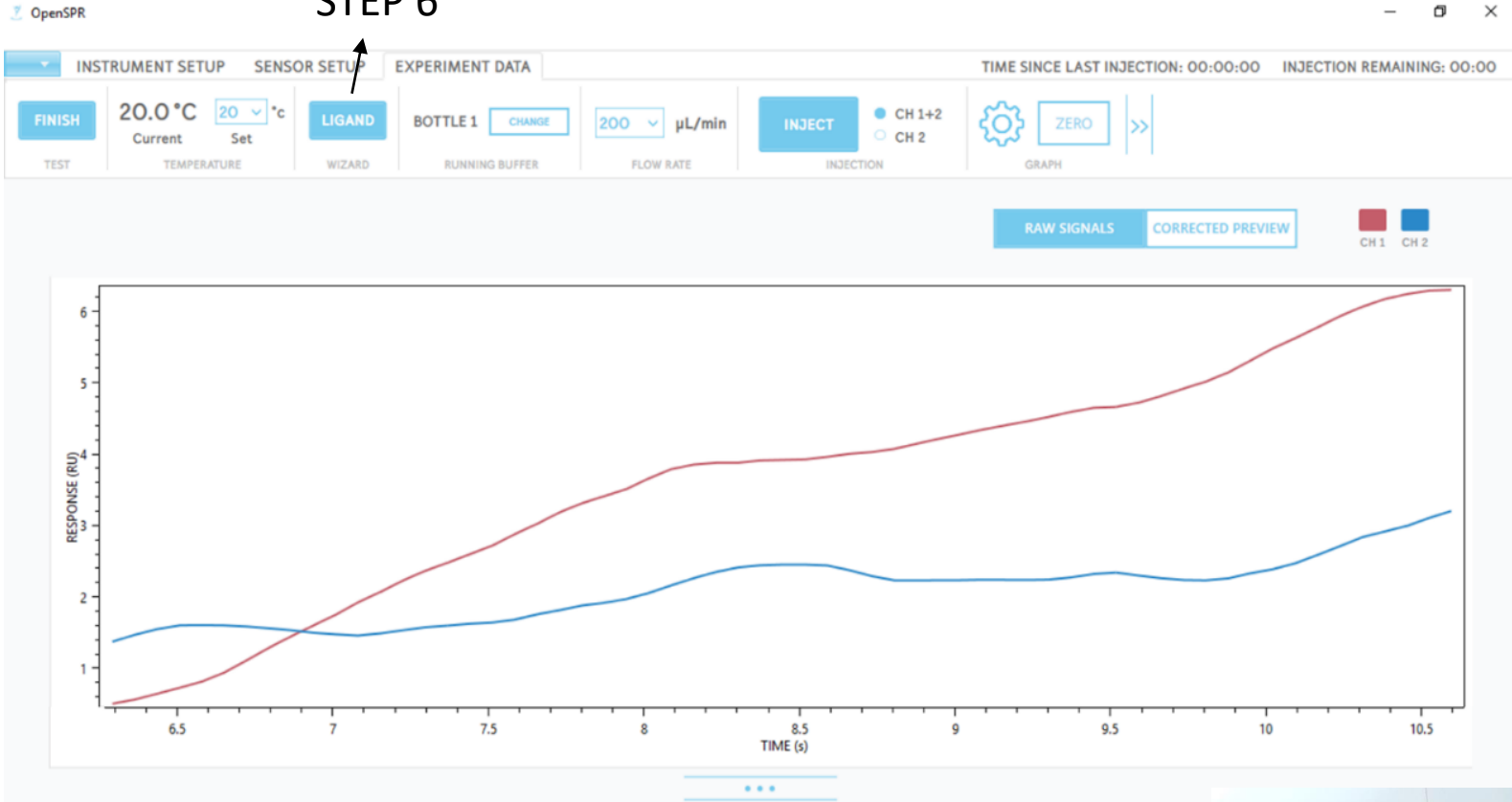


Front sensor surface

Cut corner of the glass positioned in the bottom right



# STEP 6



INSTRUMENT SETUP	SENSOR SETUP	EXPERIMENT DATA
<b>FINISH</b> TEST	20.0 °C Current 20 °C Set TEMPERATURE	<b>LIGAND</b> WIZARD BOTTLE 1 CHANGE RUNNING BUFFER

## Test Complete

Select how would you like to proceed:

- Start a new experiment using the same sensor.
- Start a new experiment using a new sensor.
- Place the instrument in standby  
(Instrument will be used within the next 7 days).
- Shutdown the instrument.

NEXT





**Thank you for your attention!**

